## A'-homotopy theory and the Weil Conjectures:

new work in these lectures is joint with T. Bachmann, M. Bilu, W. Ho, P. Srinivasan, I. Voqt

$$X \rightarrow Spec F_q$$
 Fröbenius  $f: X \rightarrow X$  by gluing

spec 
$$\mathbb{F}_q$$
  $\xrightarrow{f}$  spec  $\mathbb{F}_q$ 

X-F

X

F relative Fröbenins

Spec Fq

Spec Fq

Weil (1949) studied

$$X(\mathbb{F}_q) = \left\{ (x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{F}_q^m \mid a \times_1^{c_1} + \dots + a_n \times_n^{c_n} = b \right\}$$

Thm: (Dwork, Grothendieck, Deligne)

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} |X(F_{qm})| + |f^{m-1}| = \int_{at}^{b} |\log Z_X(t)|$$

with 
$$Z_X(t) = \frac{P_1(t)P_2(t)\dots P_{2d-1}(t)}{P_0(t)P_2(t)\dots P_{2d}(t)} d=dim X$$

Zeta function

$$P_{r}(t) = \det \left( \left( - + F \right)_{H_{\overline{e}t}}(X_{\overline{E}}, Q_{e}) \right)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{Br} \left( 1 - \alpha_{r,i} + \right)$$

 $\alpha_{r,i}$  algebraic integers  $|\alpha_{r,i}| = q^{r/2} \leftarrow Riemann hypothesis$ 

More over,

Functional equation:

Application: (Ellenberg-Venkatesh-Westerland) Cohen-Lenstra heuristics for Class groups of function fields b;(C) for X Hurwitz spaces of branched (X(Form)) CO vers of PI Stability results on biCC) ~> Thin (EVW) Q odd prime. A finite abelian l-group. As  $q \to \infty$  (\$\mu | E/Cd) the upper and lower densities of quadratic extensions of Fe(t) ramified at so with l-clars group iso to A converge to Aut(A) Proof of rationality: (6, 8, 1, 7) Symmetric monoidal Category A dual of X is DX s.t. 3  $\times \circ \mathbb{D} \times \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} 1$  $1 \xrightarrow{m} D \times \otimes \times$ X SXOXOX

Ex2: 
$$C_* \in D^{\text{Perf}}(R)$$
 $D(_* = Hom(C_*, R))$ 
 $Tr(f) = \sum_i C_i Tr f|_{C_i}$ 

Ex3:  $Spaces_* = homotopy theory of pointed spaces$ 
 $X \land Y = \frac{X \times Y}{X \times * \cup * \times Y}$ 
 $V \rightarrow X$  vector bundle

 $Th(V) = \frac{P(V \oplus G)}{P(V)} \simeq \frac{Disk(V)}{Sphere(V)} \simeq \frac{V}{V - X}$ 
 $Th_X(V \oplus G) \simeq S^i \land Th_X(V)$ 
 $Spectra$ 
 $Sp = Spaces_* [(\Lambda S^i)^{-1}] \land \text{allows us to represent Cohomology and make funk  $C_*$ 
 $Spectra$ 

1 is the sphere spectrum

 $V \oplus W \simeq G^n$ 
 $Th(V'-V) := (S^i)^{-n} \land Th(V \oplus W)$ 
 $X$$ 

~>

Th 
$$X (V-TX-V+TX)$$

IL

 $X_{+} \longrightarrow S^{0}=1$ 

Construct n: V=0

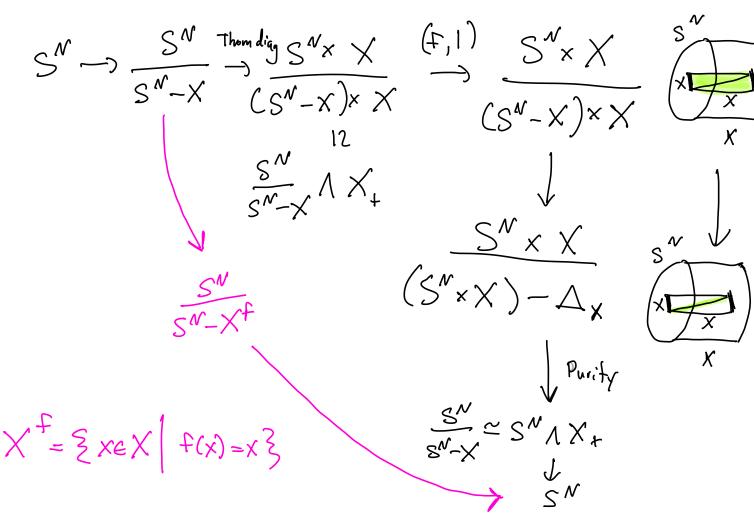
$$S^{N} \rightarrow \frac{S^{N}}{S^{N}-X} \simeq S^{N}_{\Lambda X} - TX$$

Show perfect pairing

Given X Compact Smooth manifold

such that f has isolated fixed points

Then 
$$Tr(f) = \sum_{x \in X} ind f \in \mathbb{Z}$$
  
 $f(x) = x$   
 $pf$  sketch;  $Tr(f)$  is the composition



П

Nisnevich to pology
Spc (B) Fun (Smr, Spaces)
Al-invariant presheaves of spaces Nisnevich Sheaves
$Th_{X}(O_{X}) \simeq \frac{A'xX}{G_{mx}X} \simeq \frac{P'xX}{A'xX} \simeq \frac{P'xX}{\infty \times X} \simeq P'\Lambda X_{+}$
So we invert MP'  SH(B):= Spc*(B)[(MP')-1] Symmetric monorida  ref: Robalo thesi
$Spc(B) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{Z}_{+,P'}} SM(B) \otimes -functor$
Thm (Hu, Rioux,) X sm, proper over R V -> X vector bundle
Thx (V) is dualizable in SH(R) with dual X-V-TX

$$x^{-TX} \rightarrow x^{-TX} / (x-z)^{-TX} \simeq z^{N_z X - TX} \simeq z^{-Tz}$$
Purity

· Suffices to construct of for Pn ...

F: X -> X regular fixed points (meaning X sm ove B and for X cis X with normal bundle Ni, we have 1-i\*Cdf]:N; 5 is an iso)

$$Tr(f) = \sum_{x \in X^f} ind_x f$$

· étale cohomology

tensor functor

Derived category
of R-adic Sheaves
on Spec K

$$\overline{H_q}^F = \overline{H_q}^m$$
 Galois theory

$$dF=0 \stackrel{\text{Fact}}{\Rightarrow} ind_x F=1 \quad \forall \quad x \in X (F_{em})$$

$$\sum_{m=1}^{\infty} |X(F_{Qm})| + \sum_{m=1}^{m-1} = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} Tr(F^m) + \sum_{m=1}^{m-1} Lefschet_z$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} H_{ef}^{*} \left( Tr(F^m) + \sum_{m=1}^{m-1} H_{ef}^{*} : End(I_{M}) - \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} End(I_{M}) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \operatorname{Tr}\left(H_{et}^{*}(f^{m})\right) + m-1 \qquad H_{et}^{*} \otimes \operatorname{-functor}$$

$$= \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{i} (-1)^{i} T_{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{m-1} E_{i} + \sum_{i=$$

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{i} (-1)^{i}}_{m=1} \underbrace{\sum_{i} T_{r} + m}_{m=1} \underbrace{\prod_{i} T_{m} + m}_{H_{e}}$$

$$= \sum_{i} (-1)^{i} \frac{d}{dt} \log P_{i}(t)$$

algebraic lemma

In these lectures we will consider the following enrichment of the logarithmic derivative  $Z_X$ Det: (BHSVW) For  $X \in Sm_B$  dualizable and  $F: X \to X$  endomorphism, let

$$d\log Z_X^{A'}(t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} T_r(F^m) t_{M(g)}^{m-1}$$